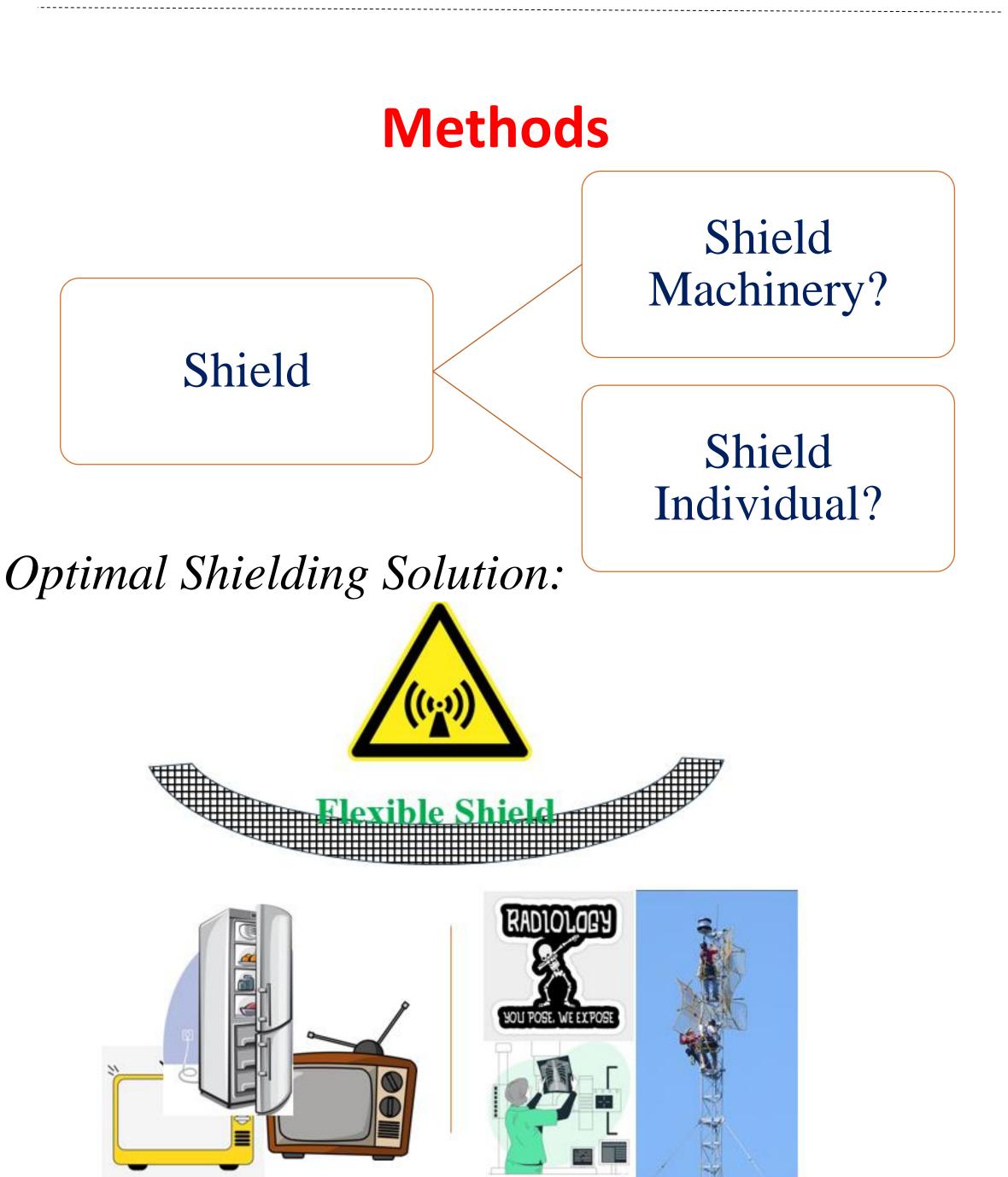


Introduction

- Electromagnetic Fields (EMFs) are classified as possible 2B Group human carcinogens by International Agency for Research on Cancer [1,2].
- Pathological syndrome in humans called electrohypersensitivity (EHS) or 'microwave syndrome' that causes a headache, anxiety, sleep disorders, fatigue, etc. have increased massively in the last decades which could have been associated with increased EMFs due to the excessive developments in electronic devices [3-5].







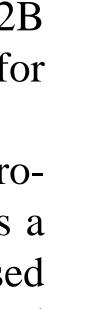
Manufacture Electronic Devices using Lightweight Shield.

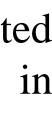
Use flexible shield to prepare PPE for individuals working in radiative environments such as radiology labs radio towers to ensure and occupational safety.

Developing Electromagnetic Shielding Textile for Personal Protection

Prakash Giri, Mark Schulz

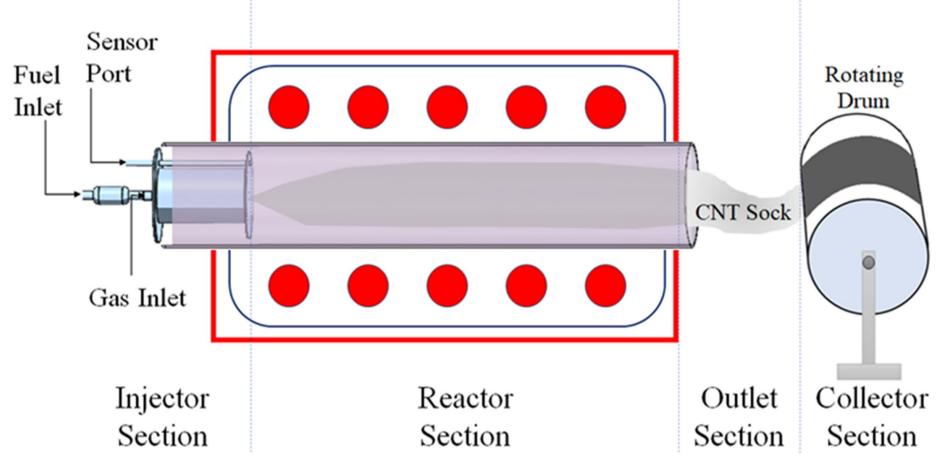
Department of Mechanical and Materials Engineering, University of Cincinnati Correspondence: <u>giriph@mail.uc.edu</u> (P.G.); <u>schulzmk@ucmail.uc.edu</u> (M.S.)





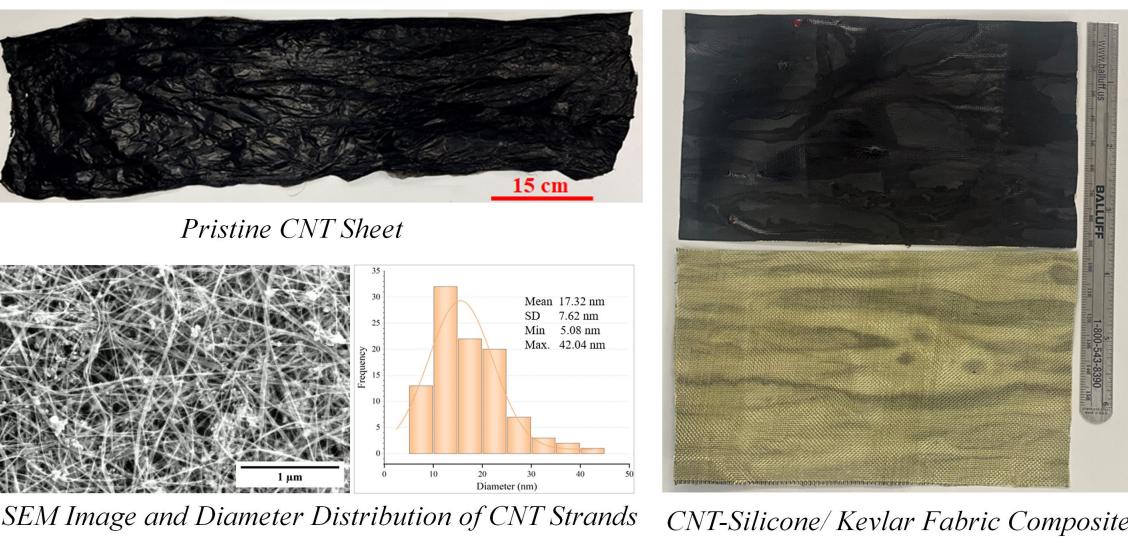


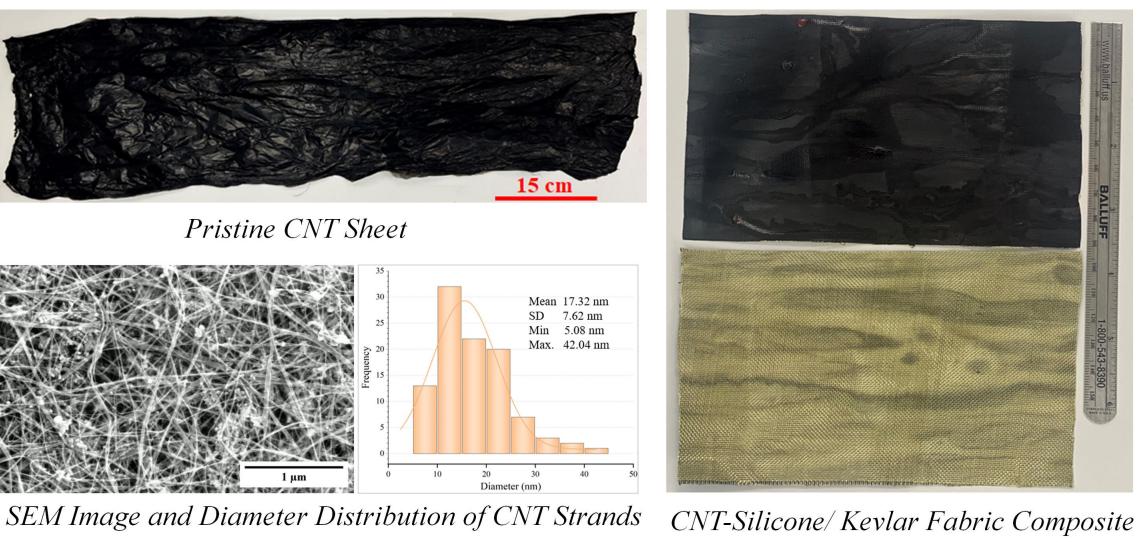
FCCVD Reactor system available at Nanoworld Laboratories was used to manufacture thin and lightweight CNT sheet hybrid composites.

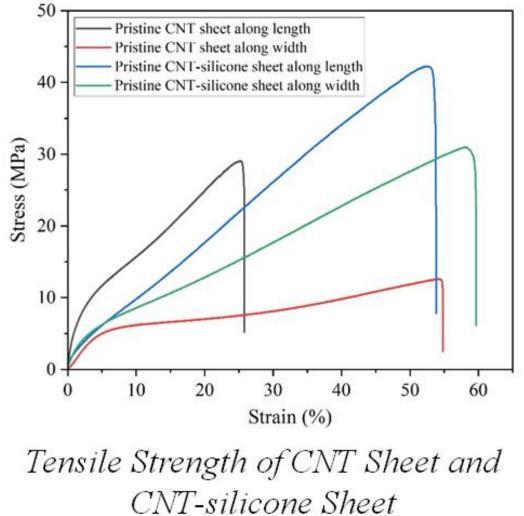


Schematics of FCCVD Reactor

- Pristine CNT sheets, CNT-silicone composite sheets, and CNT-silicone/Kevlar composite sheets were manufactured.
- The sheets have a dimension of 90cm \times 25cm. The thickness of the pristine sheet was 20µm, CNT-silicone sheet was 22µm, CNT-silicone/ Kevlar Fabric was 116µm, CNT-silicone/ Kevlar Yarn was 435µm, CNT/Kevlar was 90µm, and CNT-Veil silicone/Kevlar veil was 95µm.







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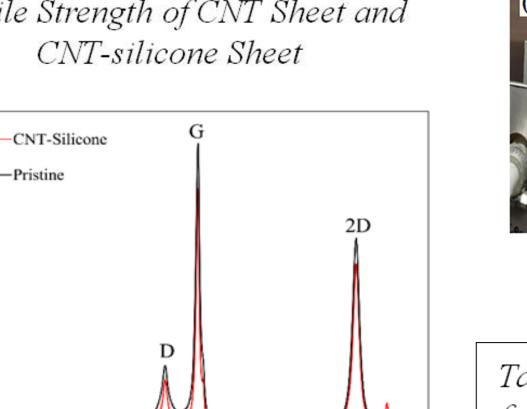
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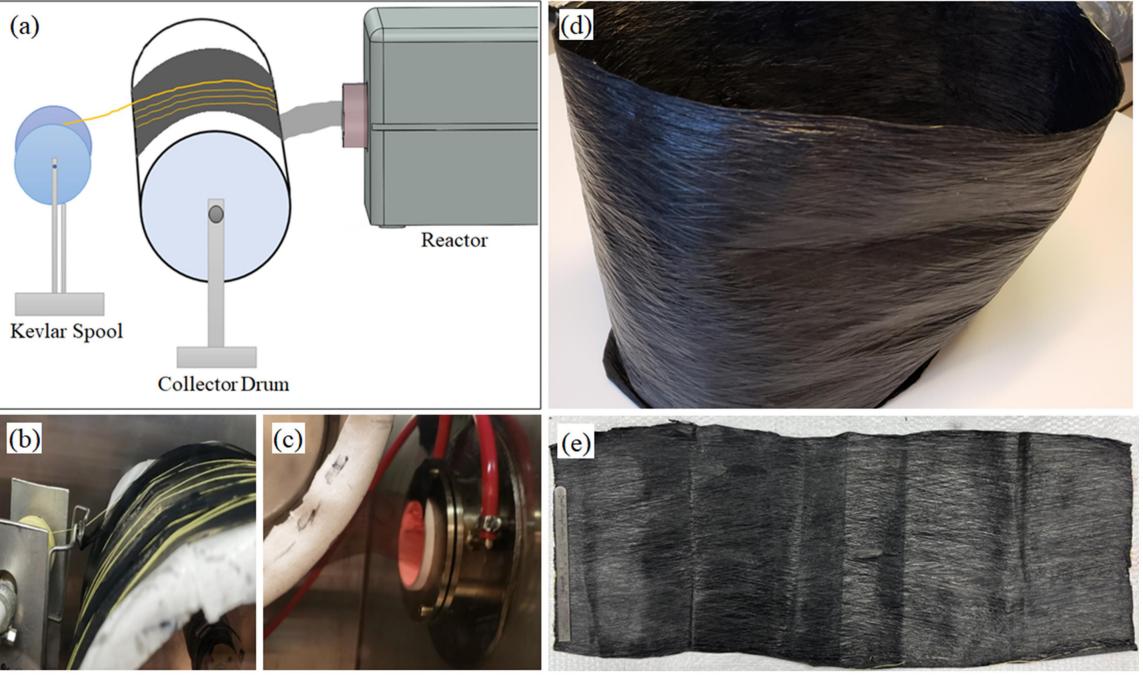
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Raman Shift (cm⁻¹) Raman Spectra of CNT Sheet and CNT-silicone Sheet





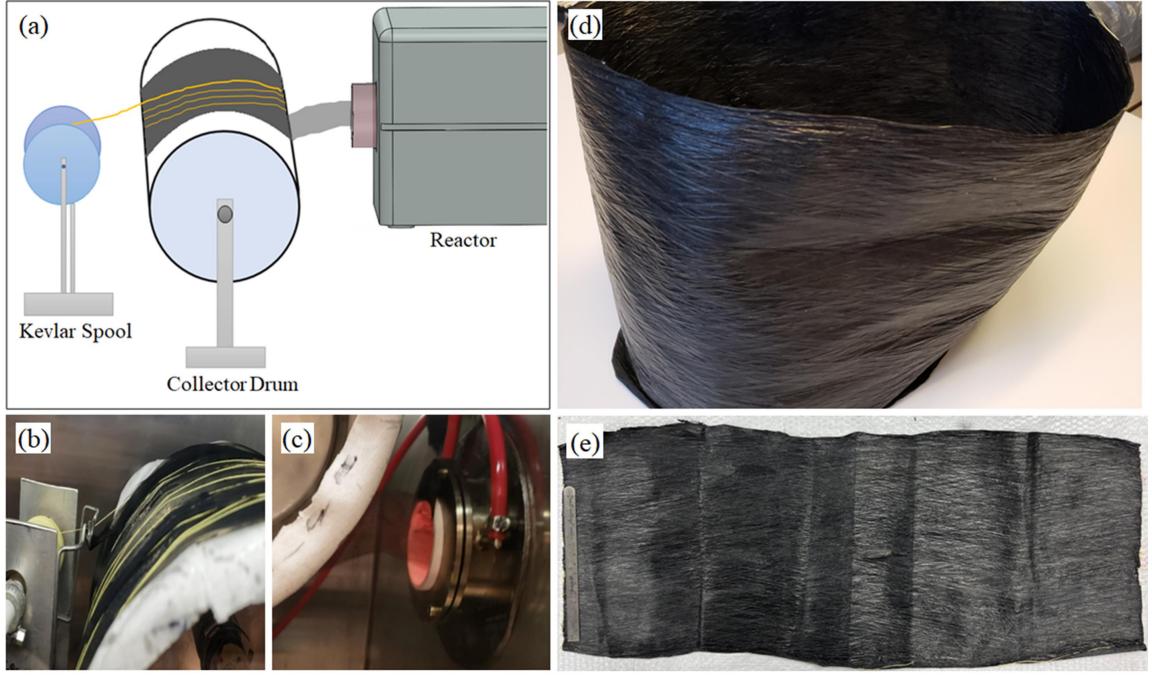


Table. Density, Resist for in-plane properti

CNT Sheet Type

- Pristine CNT CNT-silicone CNT-silicone/Kevlar ya CNT-silicone/Kevlar fat CNT-silicone/Kevlar v CNT/Kevlar veil
- Oven Test NFPA 1971.

Obtained Results



CNT Sheet Synthesis in FCCVD Reactor

Synthesis of CNT-Silicone/ Kevlar Yarn Composite

stivity, and Conductivity Anisotropy Ratios. The data is	
ies. The results include contact resistance.	

	Density	sity Resistivity (Ω·cm)		Anisotropy Ratio,
(g/cc)	Along Length	Along Width	k∥/k⊥	
	0.25	0.0043	0.0091	2.12
	0.56	0.0059	0.0163	2.76
<i>a</i> rn	0.20	0.06	0.11	1.83
abric	0.90	0.11	0.26	2.36
veil	0.30	0.09	0.09	1.89
	0.17	0.06	0.06	1.67

The pristine and composite sheets were lightweight, conductive and they passed Vertical Flame Test ASTM D6413/D6523M-15 and Forced Air

This research study was supported by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health through the Pilot Research Project Training Program of the University of Cincinnati Education and Research Center Grant #T42OH008432.

[1] IARC, 2002. Non-ionizing Radiation, Part 1: Static and Extremely Low-frequency (ELF) Electric and Magnetic Fields. vol. 80. World Health Organization. [2] IARC, 2013. Non-ionizing Radiation, Part 2: Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields. vol. 102 (Lyon, France). [3] Panagopoulos, Dimitris J., and George P. Chrousos. "Shielding methods and products against man-made Electromagnetic Fields: Protection versus risk." Science of the total environment 667 (2019): 255-262. [4] Shahbazi-Gahrouei, D., Karbalae, M., Moradi, H.A., Baradaran-Ghahfarokhi, M., 2014. Health effects of living near mobile phone base transceiver station (BTS) antennae: a report from Isfahan, Iran. Electromagn. Biol. Med. 33, 206–210. [5] Belpomme, Dominique, et al. "Thermal and non-thermal health effects of low intensity non-ionizing radiation: An international perspective." Environmental pollution 242 (2018): 643-658. *Some schematic images were obtained through: https://www.pinterest.com.





Conclusion

• Macroscale CNT-silicone/Kevlar composites were manufactured by reinforcing a CNT-silicone matrix with Kevlar yarns, fabrics, and veil materials.

• The hybrid composites are flexible, conductive, and flame resistant.

• The synthesis of CNT-silicone membranes with Kevlar helps us to achieve the pristine strength of Kevlar veil, fabrics, and yarns whilst utilizing the multifunctional properties of CNT and CNT-silicone composites.

• The strength of Kevlar combined with the CNT and silicone properties may be beneficial in EMF shielding applications.

• The composite fabric can be used for manufacturing of electronic devices. On the one hand they will be beneficial for EMF shielding, on the other hand their thermal conductivity can help electronic devices in heat dissipation, i.e. thermal management.

• The fabrics can also be used to prepare personal protective equipment for workers requiring occupational safety in radiative environment such as radiology labs and radio towers.

• Future work: Analysis of EMF shielding efficiency of the various CNT composite materials.

Acknowledgements

References